Judaism strand

Foundation Stage	KS1	Lower KS2	Upper KS2
Unit F5- Which places are special and	Unit 1.7 Who is Jewish and how do they	Unit L2.10 How do festivals and family	Unit U2.9 Why is the Torah so important
why?	live? (God/Torah/the People) Double	life show what matters to Jewish	to Jewish people/ (God/Torah)
Unit F6- Which stories are special and	unit.	people? (God/Torah/the People)	
why?			
Learning outcomes:	Learning outcomes	Learning outcomes	Learning outcomes
Plan learning experiences that enable	Make sense of belief:	Make sense of belief:	Make sense of belief:
children to	Recognise the words of the Shema as a	Identify some Jewish beliefs about God,	Identify and explain Jewish beliefs about
Talk about somewhere that is special to	Jewish prayer.	sin and forgiveness and describe what	God.
themselves, saying why.	Retell simply some stories used in Jewish	they mean.	Give examples of some texts that say
Recognise that some religious people	celebrations (e.g. Chanukah)	Make clear links between the story of	what God is like and explain how Jewish
have places that are special to them.	Give examples of how the stories used in	the Exodus and Jewish beliefs about God	people interpret them.
Talk about the things that are special	celebrations (e.g. Shabbat, Chanukah)	and his relationship with the Jewish	
and valued in a place of worship.	remind Jews about what God is like?	people.	
Begin to recognise that for Christians,		Offer informed suggestions about the	Understand the impact:
Muslims or Jews, these special things		meaning of the Exodus story for Jews	Make clear connections between Jewish
link to beliefs about God.		today.	beliefs about the Torah and how they
Get to know and use appropriate words	Understand the impact:	Understand the impact:	use and treat it.
to talk about their thoughts and feelings	Give example of how Jewish people	Make simple links between Jewish	Make clear connections between Jewish
when visiting a place of worship.	celebrate special times (e.g. Shabbat,	beliefs about God and his people and	commandments and how Jews live (e.g.
Express a personal response to the	Sukkot, Chanukah).	how Jews live(e.g. through celebrating	in relation to kosher laws).
natural world.	Make links between Jewish ideas of God	forgiveness, salvation and freedom at	Give evidence and examples to show
Talk about some religious stories	found in stories and how people live.	festivals).	how Jewish people put their beliefs into
Recognise some religious words e.g.	Give and example of how some Jewish	Describe how Jews show their beliefs	practice in different ways (e.g. some
about God		through worship both at home and in	differences between Orthodox an
Identify some of their own feelingsin the stories they hear.	ways (e.g. mezuzuh, on Shabbat).	wider communities.	Progressive Jewish practice).
Identify a sacred text e.g. the Bible.	Make connections:	Make connections:	Make connections:
Torah.	Talk about what they think is good about	Raise questions and suggest answers	Make connections between Jewish
Talk about some of the things these	reflecting, thanking, praising, and	about whether it is good for Jews and	beliefs studied and explain how they are
stories teach believers (e.g. story of	rememembering for Jewish people,	eveyone elso to remember the past and	important to Jewish people today.
Zacchaeus, the ten lepers, the Chanukah	giving a good reason for their ideas.	look forward to the future.	Consider and weigh up the value of e.g.
story.	Give a good reason for their ideas about	Make links with the value of personal	tradition, ritual, community, study and
Colour key:	whether reflecting, thanking, praising	reflection, saying sorry, being forgiven	worship in the lives of Jews today, and
Making sense	and remembering have something to say	and justice in the world today, including	articulate responses on how far they are
Understanding impact Making connections	to them too.	pupils' own lives, giving good reasons.	valuable to people who are not Jewish.
Recognise some religious words e.g. about God Identify some of their own feelingsin the stories they hear. Identify a sacred text e.g. the Bible. Torah. Talk about some of the things these stories teach believers (e.g. story of Zacchaeus, the ten lepers, the Chanukah story. Colour key: Making sense Understanding impact	Give and example of how some Jewish people might remember God in different ways (e.g. mezuzuh, on Shabbat). Make connections: Talk about what they think is good about reflecting, thanking, praising, and remembering for Jewish people, giving a good reason for their ideas. Give a good reason for their ideas about whether reflecting, thanking, praising and remembering have something to say	Describe how Jews show their beliefs through worship both at home and in wider communities. Make connections: Raise questions and suggest answers about whether it is good for Jews and eveyone elso to remember the past and look forward to the future. Make links with the value of personal reflection, saying sorry, being forgiven and justice in the world today, including	practice in different ways (e.g. so differences between Orthodox ar Progressive Jewish practice). Make connections: Make connections between Jewis beliefs studied and explain how th important to Jewish people today Consider and weigh up the value tradition, ritual, community, stud worship in the lives of Jews today articulate responses on how far the

Judaism strand

Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary	Key vocabulary
Special, religion, religious, worship,	Special, religion, religious, worship,	Special, religion, religious, worship,	Special, religion, religious, worship,
belief, believers, God.	belief, believers, God.	belief, believers, God.	belief, believers, God.
	Jew, Jewish, Judaism, shema, mezuzah,	Jew, Jewish, Judaism, shema, mezuzah,	Jew, Jewish, Judaism, shema, mezuzah,
	candlestick, menorah, challah, kosher,	candlestick, menorah, challah, kosher,	candlestick, menorah, challah, kosher,
	Star of David, chanukiah, kippah, G-d,	Star of David, chanukiah, kippah, G-d,	Star of David, chanukiah, kippah, G-d,
	Shabbat, people of Israel, God's	Shabbat, people of Israel, God's	Shabbat, people of Israel, God's
	chosen/favoured people, scroll, day of	chosen/favoured people, scroll, day of	chosen/favoured people, scroll, day of
	delight, blessing, Torah, Tenakh, Sukkot,	delight, blessing, Torah, Tenakh, festival,	delight, blessing, Torah, Tenakh, festival,
	sukkah, Chanukah, reflection, praise,	Sukkot, sukkah, Chanukah, reflection,	Sukkot, sukkah, Chanukah, reflection,
	thanksgiving, remembrance, celebration.	praise, thanksgiving, remembrance,	praise, thanksgiving, remembrance,
		celebration.	celebration.
		Rosh Hashanah, new year, shofar,	Rosh Hashanah, new year, shofar,
		tashlich, Yom Kippur, Day of atonement,	tashlich, Yom Kippur, Day of atonement,
		fasting, forgiveness, repentance,	fasting, forgiveness, repentance,
		deliverance, salvation, solemn, joyful,	deliverance, salvation, solemn, joyful,
		resolution, Pesach, Passover, exodus,	resolution, Pesach, Passover, exodus,
		escape, seder, freedom, faithfulness,	escape, seder, freedom, faithfulness,
		slavery, Promised Land, commandment,	slavery, Promised Land, commandment,
		Talmud, Siddur, gratitude, ritual.	Talmud, Siddur, gratitude, ritual.
			Sefer Torah, diversity, Jewish
			community, Orthodox Jews, Progressive
			Jews, synagogue, Torah, Nevi'im,
			Ketuvim, mitzvot food laws, kosher.